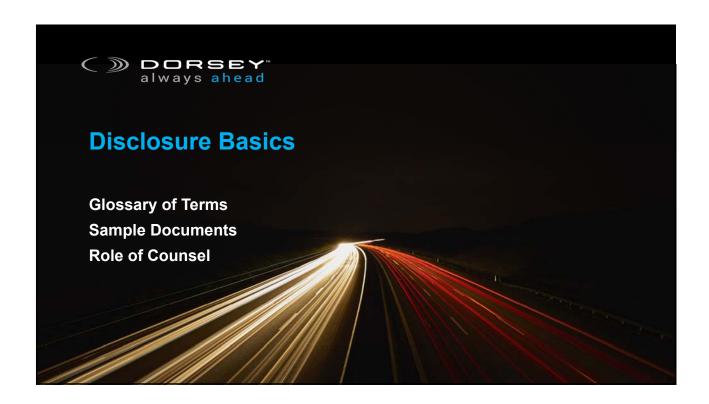




Agenda

- Disclosure Basics
- Laws Governing Disclosure
- Amendments to Rule 15c2-12 (effective 02/27/2019)
- Disclosure Policies & Procedures
- Questions & Answers





Glossary of Terms

Important Parties

- Issuer Governmental entity that issues bonds
- Underwriter Company that purchases an issue of bonds; assesses risk & price
- Municipal Advisor Entity that advises issuer on municipal securities
- SEC Federal Securities & Exchange Commission; enforces federal securities laws

Documents

- OS Official Statement (enables risk analysis pre-issuance)
- CDC Continuing Disclosure Certificate (enables risk analysis postissuance)
- Dissemination Agent Agreement –
 Contract between Issuer and company
 to post disclosure material on Electronic
 Municipal Market Access ("EMMA")
 website, http://emma.msrb.org



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Official Statement (OS) Primary Offering

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Continuing Disclosure Certificate (CDC) Continuing Disclosure





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Role of Counsel

Bond Counsel

- Diligence tax qualifications of issuer & bond offering
- Prepare operative & closing documents (e.g. resolutions, bonds, loan agreement, closing certificates, CDC & other closing documents)
- Deliver opinion that bonds are <u>valid</u> and <u>legal obligations</u> of the issuer
- Deliver opinion as to <u>tax-exempt</u> status of the bonds

Disclosure Counsel

- Diligence risks associated with issuer & bond offering
- Prepare OS (or closely review) in conjunction with issuer
- Review issuer's compliance with previous CDCs in depth
- Deliver "10b-5" opinion to issuer (and to underwriter)
- <u>Does not</u> prepare or confirm financial info





Federal Regulatory Framework

Relevant Statutes

- Securities Act of 1933 (the "1933 Act")
- Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "1934 Act")

Antifraud Rules

- Issuers & underwriters: No false statement/omission of <u>material</u> facts in sale/purchase of municipal securities; Rule 10b-5
- Municipal advisors: No use of manipulative or deceptive device to protect client or induce client to enter securities transaction

SEC Rule 15c2-12

- Applies to underwriters; indirectly regulates issuers via contract (CDC)
- Outlines continuing disclosure requirements for issuers

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Antifraud Rules

- No false or misleading "**statements**" of "**material**" facts, <u>including omission</u> of same if necessary to make statements not misleading under circumstances
- "Statements" includes information provided to:
 - Investors or potential investors
 - **The public** (if investors likely to overhear and rely)
- Example: City of Harrisburg, PA (May 6, 2013)
 - City charged with securities fraud after making misleading or incomplete statements to public regarding its financial condition in State of City Address, Budget, and Mid-Year Fiscal Report
 - "Statements that are reasonably expected to reach the securities markets, even if not prepared for that purpose, cannot be materially misleading." (Statement of George S. Canellos, former Co-Director, Division of Enforcement)



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Antifraud Rules (cont'd)

- "Material" objective standard developed by courts, not the Rule
 - "<u>substantial likelihood</u> that the disclosure of the omitted fact would have been viewed by the reasonable investor as having <u>significantly altered</u> the 'total mix' of information made available" – TSC Industries, Inc. v. Northway, Inc., 426 U.S. 438, 449 (1976)
 - "<u>substantial likelihood</u> that, under all the circumstances, the omitted fact would have assumed <u>actual significance</u> in the deliberations of the reasonable [investor]." – TSC Industries, 426 U.S. at 449
 - "balancing of the indicated <u>probability that the event will occur</u> and the <u>anticipated magnitude</u> of the event in light of the totality of [the issuer's] activity." <u>Basic Inc. v. Levinson</u>, 485 U.S. 224, 231–32 (1988)



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Antifraud Rules (cont'd)

Compliance Considerations

- · Issuers have primary liability for accuracy of disclosure docs
 - Liability for material misstatements or omissions
 - Hiring professional to prepare OS does not discharge liability
 - · "Affirmative obligation" to know contents of OS
 - Personal liability: (i) governing body, (ii) employees, and (iii) officials
- · Underwriters & other professionals also liable
 - Due diligence defense
- · Consequences of fraud allegations
 - **Criminal** (fines & jail time)
 - Financial (civil fines, injunctions, damages, costs of defense)
 - **Reputational** (rating agencies, investors, lenders, public)



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13

SEC Rule 15c2-12

- Two aspects of the Rule
 - Continuing disclosure (ongoing disclosure)
 - Underwriter must determine issuer has agreed (usually via CDC) to provide continuing disclosure of:
 - (1) Annual financial info (audited financials, operating data)
 - (2) Material event notices (within 10 business days)
 - Material noncompliance (primary disclosure)
 - Final OS must include description of material noncompliance with CDC obligations in 5y before offering
- Continuing disclosure generally not required if:
 - Bond issue is for less than \$1 million
 - Bonds sold in authorized denominations of \$100k and either
 - Sold to no more than 35 sophisticated investors
 - · Mature within 9 months of issuance



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SEC Rule 15c2-12 (as amended) Material Listed Events

- 1) Payment delinquencies
- 2) Non-payment related defaults, if material
- Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
- Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements <u>reflecting financial</u> difficulties
- 5) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
- 6) Adverse determinations with respect to the tax status of the bonds
- 7) Modifications to rights of holders, if material
- 8) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
- 9) Defeasances

- 10) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material
- 11) Rating changes
- 12) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the issuer
- 13) Merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving issuer, <u>if material</u>
- Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, <u>if material</u>
- 15) Incurrence of <u>financial obligation</u> of issuer or agreement to covenant, event of default, remedy, priority right or similar term, <u>if material</u>
- 16) Default, acceleration, termination, modification or similar event under financial obligation of issuer reflecting financial difficulties



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SEC Rule 15c2-12 Material Noncompliance

- Issuer must describe in OS material noncompliance with prior continuing disclosure obligations
 - Reporting required if occurred in past 5 years
 - OS often includes a statement listing:

"any instances in the previous five years in which [the Issuer] failed to comply, in all material respects, with any previous undertakings in a written [disclosure agreement]."

- Example found in an OS:

"During the past five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply, in all material respects, with any previous undertakings it has entered into with respect to the Rule."

 Disclosure must be made, even if filings updated prior to printing the OS



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SEC Rule 15c2-12 Material Noncompliance (cont'd)

Relationship to Antifraud Rules

- Issuer's misrepresentation of past compliance could be basis for SEC antifraud enforcement action
- Cannot "cure" misrepresentation by subsequently amending OS
- Silence in OS re past compliance deemed to be a statement of material compliance

Noncompliance based on CDC, not just Rule 15c2-12

- Must disclose failure to comply with obligations incurred voluntarily
- E.g. must report the failure to file or timely file quarterly reports if required by the CDC, even though filing not required by Rule



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SEC Rule 15c2-12
Material Noncompliance (cont'd)

Material Noncompliance includes:

- Failure to report a material event or file annual information
 - · e.g. failure to file material event notice of defeasance
 - · e.g. failure to cross-reference info timely filed elsewhere on EMMA
 - · e.g. failure to link to CUSIP of each outstanding security
 - · e.g. filing incomplete information
- Late filing of information



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SEC Trends:Heightened Attention to Disclosure

- Recent SEC Trends
 - Transitioning into active regulatory body for issuers
 - · Enforcing CDC compliance through antifraud rules
 - · Rulemaking to address bank loans & direct placements
 - Attention to increasing timeliness of disclosure
 - Chair Clayton's remarks (December 2018)
 - MSRB discussion at board meeting (January 2019)
- Motivating Factors
 - Size & complexity of municipal market exponentially grown
 - Municipal securities **regularly traded** on secondary market
 - Financial crisis highlighted vulnerability of bond insurers
 - Increased use of bank loans & direct placements



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SEC Trends Disclosure Enforcement & MCDC

- 2013: For first time, municipal issuers were
 - Assessed penalties; charged for violating cease and desist order
 - Charged for false OS statement of CDC compliance (West Clark Cmty Sch.)
 - Charged for misleading statements outside disclosure docs (City of Miami)
- 2014: Municipal Continuing Disclosure Cooperation Initiative (MCDC)
 - Self-report inaccurate OS statements to receive favorable settlement terms
- 2015–16: MCDC guidance & financial penalties for employees
 - Issuers: 70+ cease & desist settlements with no admission of fault; adopt policies & procedures; disclose settlement for 5 years
 - Underwriters: 70+ orders; aggregate fines of \$18 million (\$20k to \$500k)
 - Issuer employees fined for misleading debt service coverage table (Westlands)
- 2017–19: Legacy of MCDC
 - Scrupulous research of CDC compliance to ensure proper info filed
 - Precise language regarding history of noncompliance
 - Issuer charged with negligent securities fraud for inaccurate statement of prior compliance in OS; failed to self-report in MCDC (Beaumont Financing Authority)



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SEC Trends Possible Future Action re Timing

SEC Chair Clayton's December 2018 remarks:

- "The first step in improving [disclosure timeliness] is to make sure that investors understand that the financial statements they are looking at in some cases are 18 months old" (Dec. 2018 comments to Senate panel)
- "To be clear: I believe that there are potential steps that the SEC and the MSRB can take [to improve timeliness of disclosure]—that would be wholly consistent with the words and spirit of the Tower Amendment—to improve transparency around the age and type of financial information" (Dec. 2018 comments at SEC Conference)



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2

SEC Trends Case Example

SEC v. Town of Ramapo, No. 16-cv-2779 (S.D.N.Y. decision Nov. 2018)

- · Civil judgment against town supervisor
 - Ordered to pay \$327,000 civil penalty
 - Permanently enjoined from municipal offerings
- Parallel Criminal Action
 - 30 months in prison & \$75,000 fine
 - 20 counts of conspiracy, securities fraud, & wire fraud
- Bad Acts:
 - Hid financial strain caused by (i) stadium construction & (ii) declining sales and property tax revenues
 - <u>Did not disclose likely subsidy</u> of development corporation's stadium bond payments under terms of guarantee
 - Purposely misled rating agencies about general fund balance
 - Cooked the books to show positive operating fund balances



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Background & Context

- SEC increasingly concerned with CDC compliance
 - 2013 West Clark Community School action
 - 1st time issuer charged with fraud for misstating past CDC compliance
 - 2014 MCDC Initiative
 - Issuers & underwriters asked to self-report past CDC noncompliance
 - Enforcement Actions
 - Focus on using antifraud rules to enforce CDC compliance
- Increased use of direct placements & bank loans
 - SEC & some investors expressed concern re lack of disclosure
 - Voluntary disclosure initiative proposed insufficient results per SEC
 - March 2017: Proposed Rule 15c2-12 amendments published
 - Would add material events for (i) incurrence of financial obligations outside the municipal securities marketplace & (ii) events relating to those financial obligations that reflect financial difficulties



Event Nos. 15 & 16

- (15) **Incurrence** of a **financial obligation** of the obligated person, **if material**, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, **if material**;
- (16) **Default**, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under terms of a **financial obligation** of the obligated person, any of which **reflect financial difficulties**;



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Event Nos. 15 & 16 "Financial Obligation"

- The rule defines "financial obligation" to include:
 - i. a **debt obligation**;
 - ii. a **derivative instrument** entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or
 - iii. a guarantee of either (i) or (ii)
- A "financial obligation" does not include
 - i. municipal securities for which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with Rule 15c2-12



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Interpretive Guidance – Event Nos. 15 & 16 "Financial Obligation"

- "Financial obligations" intended to include:
 - Debt, debt-like, and debt-related obligations;
 - Those obligations that could impact liquidity, overall creditworthiness, or an existing security holder's rights
- "Financial obligation" <u>not</u> intended to include:
 - Ordinary financial and operating liabilities



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07

Interpretive Guidance – Event No. 15 "Debt Obligation"

- "Debt obligation" intended to capture short- and long-term debt obligations
 of an issuer under terms of indenture, loan agreement, or similar contract to
 be repaid over time (regardless of repayment period)
- Includes leases that operate as a vehicle to borrow money (i.e. capital leases)
- May be broader than definitions of debt under state law or accounting standards



Interpretive Guidance – Event No. 15 "Derivative Instrument"

"Derivative instrument" intended to include

- Derivative instruments relating to existing/planned debt obligation
 - Obligation "planned" upon execution of related instrument if "reasonable person would view it likely or probable that the issuer . . . will incur the related yet-to-be-incurred debt obligation at a future date"
 - Standard likely met if "relevant derivative instrument would serve no economic purpose without the future debt obligation (regardless of whether the future debt obligation is ultimately incurred)"
- Some instruments relating to existing/planned debt of third party (e.g. if hedges against risks of a related debt obligation)

"Derivative instrument does not include:

- Instruments designed to mitigate investment risk

· Examples:

- Swap, security-based swap, futures or forward contract, option, or any combination of (or similar instrument to) the foregoing if issuer is a counterparty
- Provided instrument related to existing/planned debt obligation



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Interpretive Guidance – Event No. 15 "Guarantee"

- "Guarantee" captures any guarantee of payment of a financial obligation provided by issuer (as a guarantor) for benefit of itself or a third party.
- Two disclosures possible:
 - One for guarantor
 - Another for beneficiary that executed the debt obligation or derivative instrument if it is material & the guarantee is a material term



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Interpretive Guidance – Event No. 15 "Material"

- A "material" financial obligation is important to the total mix of info available to the reasonable investor
 - Flexible, facts-and-circumstances approach
 - Little guidance as to what would meet that standard
- Amount of financial obligation is not the only factor, making threshold tests problematic
- Potentially relevant factors include:
 - (i) the source of pledged securities, (ii) priority rights, (iii) par or notional amounts, (iv) covenants, (v) events of default,
 - (vi) remedies, & (vii) the obligated person's overall balance sheet, bond portfolio, and existing obligations



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Interpretive Guidance - Event No. 16

- · "Modification of Terms" interpreted to include
 - Written or verbal waiver or change to non-material terms (provided it reflects financial difficulties)
- · "Default" interpreted to include
 - Any default that reflects financial difficulties, even if it does not qualify as an "event of default" under the terms of a transaction
 - Payment & nonpayment defaults
 - · Payment default: failure to pay principal, interest or other funds due
 - Nonpayment default: failure to comply with specified covenant under terms of particular transaction



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Interpretive Guidance – Event Nos. 15 & 16 Filing Requirements

- Material event notice to be filed within 10 business days of occurrence of event
 - Form of notice not prescribed; at minimum should include:
 - · Material terms of financial obligation (no. 15)
 - · Summary of default & relevant financial difficulties (no. 16)
- Examples of material terms to include in filing
 - From 2018 Release
 - Date of incurrence, principal amount, maturity & amortization, interest rate (if fixed) or method of computation (if variable), & any default rates, depending on the circumstances (2018 Release)
 - From MSRB Regulatory Notice 2015-03 (voluntary disclosure)
 - Source of repayment, payment dates, liquidity requirements, prepayment terms, events of acceleration, governing law, "most favored nation"-type clauses, tax status of interest, redistribution rights, & financial reporting requirements



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Compliance Considerations (Event Nos. 15 & 16)

Issuers

- Begin preparing for compliance as soon as possible
 - Potentially broad scope of outstanding financial obligations
 - Fairly short timeframe for filing material event notices
- Compliance to depend upon:
 - Timely internal communication of incurrence of new obligations
 - Identifying & tracking covenants in existing obligations
 - Timely assessing materiality & recognizing financial difficulties
 - Timely preparation & filing of material event notices
- Expect increased due diligence from underwriters



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Compliance Considerations (Event Nos. 15 & 16)

Underwriters

- Revise policies & procedures
 - Must be able to form reasonable belief issuer can comply with new CDC obligations
- Include events 15 & 16 in CDCs
 - May also wish to include definition of financial obligation
- Include events 15 & 16 in descriptions of CDCs in OS



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Dorsey Compliance Program (the "Policy")

Overview

- Compliance important for both
 - Primary disclosure—preparation of official statement (OS) for new bond issues
 - Secondary disclosure—ongoing disclosures under continuing disclosure certificate (CDC) for outstanding bond issues
- The Policy: Three Aspects
 - New Bond Offerings: Preparing & approving OS when issuing bonds (App'x I of Policy)
 - **II.** Continuing Disclosure Compliance: Complying with ongoing disclosure requirements under a CDC (App'x II of Policy)
 - **III.** Systematic Training: Educating key staff & elected officials regarding disclosure matters on regular basis



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I. New Bond Offerings (Preparing & Approving OS)

Relevant Rules

- Under Federal Antifraud Laws, the OS must not:
 - contain any untrue statement of a material fact
 - omit to state a material fact necessary to make statements in OS not misleading under circumstances in which they were made
- Accuracy of OS is responsibility of issuer
 - Underwriters, municipal advisors, & lawyers may assist with preparing an OS but issuer has primary liability
 - Failing to <u>review the OS for accuracy</u> before publication could result in untrue statements, thereby subjecting the issuer and its employees and elected officials to liability

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I. New Bond Offerings (Preparing & Approving OS)

5 steps for preparing & approving OS

- Step 1—Establish plan & schedule
 - At outset of financing, Disclosure Officer to ensure there is

 (i) <u>a plan</u> for preparing OS and (ii) <u>a schedule</u> allowing sufficient time for all work, including *review & participation* by financing team & staff
- Step 2—Manage process of preparing OS
 - Disclosure Officer <u>to manage preparation process</u>, obtaining assistance from other participants within issuer, lawyers, and financial professionals, as necessary and appropriate
- Step 3—Coordinate review & sign-off
 - Disclosure Officer to develop program for <u>coordinating staff review of, and sign-off</u> on, disclosure info and documents



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I. New Bond Offerings (Preparing & Approving OS)

5 steps for preparing & approving OS (cont'd)

- Step 4—Disclose any prior failures to comply
 - Disclosure Officer to ensure OS <u>accurately discloses</u> any failure to fully comply with CDC obligations within last 5 years.
- Step 5—Give governing body time to review
 - Governing body must have at least <u>7 days to review OS</u> before voting on its approval (absent extenuating circumstances).
 - Elected officials on governing body must be directed to contact Disclosure Officer during review period to <u>discuss potential issues or comments</u> on the OS.

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Relevant Rules

- Under SEC Rule 15c2-12, the issuer must
 - file (or cause to be filed) necessary items under the CDC
 - in searchable electronic format (searchable pdf)
 - on EMMA (Electronic Municipal Market Access) portal (www.mma.msrb.org)
- Adequate disclosure is responsibility of issuer
 - Role of dissemination agent (if any)
 - Responsibility of issuer
 - Effects of noncompliance on pricing & marketability of bonds



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II. Continuing Disclosure Compliance (Meeting CDC Obligations)

13 points for meeting CDC obligations

- Point 1—Point person for CDC compliance
 - Disclosure Officer has <u>primary responsibility for CDC compliance</u>, including (i) annual filings,
 (ii) material event notices, (iii) voluntary filings, (iv) other filings required by CDC
- Point 2—Understanding new CDC obligations
 - Prior to executing CDC when issuing bonds, the issuer is to ensure it fully understands its CDC obligations by <u>discussing them</u> with (i) bond counsel, (ii) the underwriter, and (iii) the municipal advisor (if any)
- Point 3—Ensuring accuracy of public statements
 - Under antifraud rules, all public statements and releases of info regarding issuer's finances must be <u>accurate & not misleading</u> in all material respects (e.g. - website updates, press releases, <u>market notices</u>, etc.)
 - Disclosure Officer has primary responsibility; public officials also responsible
 - Applies to info that is reasonably expected to reach markets or investors



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13 points for meeting CDC obligations (cont'd)

- Point 4—Maintain list of outstanding bonds subject to CDC
 - Disclosure Officer to <u>compile & maintain list</u> of all outstanding bond issues subject to a CDC, *including applicable filing dates*.
 - Info to be tracked using "Disclosure Table, Part I" of the Policy:

Name of Bond Issue	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date	Dissemination Agent?	CUSIP for Final Maturity	Deadline for Annual Report

- Point 5—Maintain copies of Disclosure Docs
 - Disclosure Officer to assemble/maintain copies of executed CDC, final OS, and any Dissemination Agent Agreements for each applicable bond issue



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II. Continuing Disclosure Compliance (Meeting CDC Obligations)

13 points for meeting CDC obligations (cont'd)

- Point 6—Document & track information to file
 - Disclosure Officer to document and track info required to be filed and dates of filing
 - Info to be tracked using "Disclosure Table, Part II" of the Policy:

[Name of Bonds][date of issue]	Reporting Periods [inset date info was filed on EMMA]				
Description of Financial Information / Operating Data to file on EMMA	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	
[audit]					
[list applicable tables in Official Statement]					
[unaudited financials, if audit not					

- Point 7—Register for filing reminders
 - Disclosure Officer to register for CDC-filing <u>email reminders</u> from the "EMMA" website (http://emma.msrb.org)



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13 points for meeting CDC obligations (cont'd)

Point 8—Prepare filing in advance

- At least 30 days before earliest deadline on Disclosure Table, Disclosure Officer to begin process of compiling info for filling
- Coordinate with any <u>outside professionals</u> hired to compile this information, such as Dissemination Agent or Municipal Advisor

Point 9—Confirm completeness of filing

- At least 10 days before each filing deadline, Disclosure Officer to determine if all necessary items under CDC ready for filing
- Coordinate with any <u>outside professionals</u> (as in Point 8)

Point 10—File the information

- At least 3 days before each filing deadline, Disclosure Officer to file (or confirm outside professionals filed) necessary items on EMMA
- After filing, Disclosure Officer to confirm all items available on EMMA and note filing date on Disclosure Table



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II. Continuing Disclosure Compliance (Meeting CDC Obligations)

13 points for meeting CDC obligations (cont'd)

Point 11—Watch out for Listed Events

- Disclosure Officer is responsible for determining if any "Listed Events" have taken place (see next slide for 16 Listed Events)
- If so, Disclosure Officer to discuss same with external legal & financial professionals and to cause the filing of notice on EMMA within ten business days of such Listed Events

Point 12—Contact person for investor inquiries

 Disclosure Officer is primary contact for investor inquiries and must maintain any investor-relations content on issuer's website

Point 13—Point person for voluntary filings

 Disclosure Officer is responsible for coordinating & filing any voluntary information on EMMA after consulting with issuer's legal & financial professionals



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- 1) Payment delinquencies
- 2) Non-payment related defaults, if material
- 3) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
- 4) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
- 5) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
- 6) Adverse determinations with respect to the tax status of the bonds
- 7) Modifications to rights of holders, if material
- 8) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
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- 11) Rating changes
- 12) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the issuer
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- 14) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material
- 15) Incurrence of <u>financial obligation</u> of issuer or agreement to covenant, event of default, remedy, priority right or similar term, <u>if material</u>
- 16) Default, acceleration, termination, modification or similar event under <u>financial obligation</u> of issuer <u>reflecting</u> <u>financial difficulties</u>



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III. Systematic Training(Staff & Governing Body Members)

Relevant Considerations

- Staff & elected officials must follow procedures
 - Regular training important
 - Educates new & existing individuals of issuer's obligations under federal securities laws & CDCs
- Three training formats to aid in maintaining effective disclosure policies
 & procedures:
 - 1) Annual Training
 - 2) Specific Training
 - 3) Governing Body Training



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III. Systematic Training(Staff & Governing Body Members)

3 Training Formats

Training 1—Annual Training

- Disclosure Officer to <u>schedule annual training</u> regarding disclosure & financial reporting requirements, including complete review of (i) issuer's Disclosure Policy, (ii) Rule 15c2-12 & its Listed Events and (iii) issuer's obligations under federal securities laws
- Disclosure Officer to provide written certification to governing body within 6 months after fiscal year-end that annual disclosure training has been completed by relevant employees & officials

I, the undersigned, Disclosure Officer of the [Issue that the [Issuer Name] has completed its annual di Fiscal Year as required pursuant to the [Is and Procedures Regarding Municipal Securities D, 20	sclosure training for the suer Name]'s Policies
WITNESS MY HAND this day of	, 20
[Individual's Name] [Disclosure Officer]	



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III. Systematic Training (Staff & Governing Body Members)

3 Training Formats (cont'd)

Training 2—Specific Training

 When appropriate, Disclosure Officer to conduct (or cause to be conducted) training with individuals on those persons' specific roles & responsibilities in disclosure & financial reporting process

Training 3—Biennial Governing Body Training

 At least biennially, Disclosure Officer to schedule training for governing body on (i) issuer's disclosure policy & (ii) disclosure & financial reporting requirements of federal securities laws



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Conclusion

Takeaways

- Disclosure responsibilities do not end with closing
 - · Annual report disclosure
 - · Material event disclosure
- Increased SEC scrutiny of post-issuance compliance
- Importance of policies & procedures for compliance with federal securities laws

Prepare early for compliance with amended Rule

- Revise or adopt policies & procedures
- Review & catalogue existing debt obligations
- Consult bond or disclosure counsel for assistance



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